



Light Pyrolysis Oil

Version 1.12

Revision Date 2026-06-03

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product information

Product Name : Light Pyrolysis Oil
 Material : 1037438, 1037439
 Company : Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP
 9500 Lakeside Blvd.
 The Woodlands, TX 77381

Emergency telephone:

Health:

866.442.9628 (North America)

1.832.813.4984 (International)

Transport:

CHEMTREC 800.424.9300 or 703.527.3887(int'l)

Asia: CHEMWATCH (+612 9186 1132) China: 0532 8388 9090

Mexico CHEMTREC 01-800-681-9531 (24 hours)

South America SOS-Cotec Inside Brazil: 0800.111.767 Outside Brazil: +55.19.3467.1600

Argentina: +(54)-1159839431

EUROPE: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)

Austria: VIZ +43 1 406 43 43 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Belgium: 070 245 245 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 233

Croatia: +3851 2348 342 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Cyprus: 1401

Czech Republic: Toxicological Information Center +420 224 919 293, +420 224 915 402

Denmark: Danish Poison Center (Giftlinjen): +45 8212 1212

Estonia: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)

Finland: 0800 147 111 09 471 977 (24 hours/day)

France: ORFILA number (INRS): + 33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Germany: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)

Greece: (0030) 2107793777 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Hungary: +36-80-201-199 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Iceland: 543 2222 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

Ireland: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)

Italy: POISON CENTER MILAN – Azienda Ospedaliera Niguarda Ca` Grande Tel. +39 02

66101029; POISON CENTER ROME – Policlinico “Agostino Gemelli”, Servizio di tossicologia

clinica Tel. +39 06 3054343; POISON CENTER ROME – Ospedale Pediatrico Bambino Gesù

Tel. +39 06 68593726; POISON CENTER ROME – Policlinico “Umberto I” Tel. +39 06 4997 8000;

POISON CENTER FOGGIA – Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Riuniti Tel. +39 0881 732326;

POISON CENTER NAPLES – Azienda Ospedaliera “Antonio Cardarelli” Tel. +39 081 7472870;

POISON CENTER FLORENCE – Azienda Ospedaliera universitaria Careggi Tel. +39 055

7947819; POISON CENTER PAVIA – IRCCS Fondazione Salvatore Maugeri Tel. +39 0382

24444; POISON CENTER BERGAMO – Azienda Ospedaliera “Papa Giovanni XXIII” Tel. 800 883

300; POISON CENTER VERONA – Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria integrata Tel. 800 011

858;

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Latvia: State Fire and Rescue Service, phone number: 112; Toxicology and Sepsis Clinic Poisoning and Drug Information Center, Hipokrāta 2, Riga, Latvia, LV-1038, phone number +371 67042473. (24 hours.)
 Liechtenstein: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)
 Lithuania: +370 (85) 2362052
 Luxembourg: (+352) 8002 5500 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)
 Malta: +356 2395 2000
 The Netherlands: NVIC: +31 (0)88 755 8000
 Norway: 22 59 13 00 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)
 Poland: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)
 Portugal: CIAV phone number: +351 800 250 250
 Romania: +40213183606
 Slovakia: +421 2 5477 4166
 Slovenia: Phone number: 112
 Spain: National Emergency Telephone Number of Spanish Poison Centre: +34 91 562 04 20 (24 hours/day, 7 days/week)
 Sweden: 112 – ask for Poisons Information

Organization that prepared the SDS : Product Safety and Toxicology Group
 E-mail address : SDS@CPChem.com
 Website : www.CPChem.com

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**Classification of the substance or mixture**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard communication standard 29 CFR 1910.1200; the SDS and labels contain all the information as required by the standard.

Classification

: Flammable liquids, Category 3
 Skin irritation, Category 2
 Eye irritation, Category 2A
 Carcinogenicity, Category 2
 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2,
 Inhalation, Auditory organs
 Aspiration hazard, Category 1

Labeling

Symbol(s) : 

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.
 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H315: Causes skin irritation.
 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
 H373: May cause damage to organs (Auditory organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
 P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

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P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
 P233 Keep container tightly closed.
 P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
 P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
 P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
 P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
 P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Carcinogenicity:**IARC**

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Naphthalene 91-20-3

NTP

Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Naphthalene 91-20-3

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Synonyms : LFO
 LPO
 Light Fuel Oil
 Light Pyrolysis Gasoline

Molecular formula : UVCB

Component	CAS-No.	Weight %
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11	70693-06-0	100

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Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 - 50
Tricyclo[5.2.1.0 ^{2,6}]decane	6004-38-2	30 - 50
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	10 - 20
1-Methylnaphthalene	90-12-0	1 - 10
Indene	95-13-6	1 - 10
Biphenyl	92-52-4	1 - 10
2,3-Dihydro-1H-Indene	496-11-7	1 - 10
2-Ethylnaphthalene	939-27-5	1 - 10
Xylenes	1330-20-7	1 - 10
1-Methylindan	767-58-8	1 - 10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 10
1-ethylnaphthalene	1127-76-0	1 - 10
Substituted Aromatic Amine	Proprietary	0.1 - 1
Dicyclopentadiene	77-73-6	0 - 1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Material may produce a serious, potentially fatal pneumonia if swallowed or vomited.
If inhaled	:	If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Keep respiratory tract clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flash point	:	54.4-93.3°C (129.9-199.9°F)
Autoignition temperature	:	340°C (644°F)
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and

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contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

- Fire and explosion protection : Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Hazardous decomposition products : No data available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.
- Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
- Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**Handling**

- Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**Ingredients with workplace control parameters****US**

Components	Basis	Value	Control parameters	Note
Naphthalene	ACGIH	TWA	10 ppm,	A3, Skin,
	ACGIH	STEL	15 ppm,	hematologic eff, URT irr, eye irr, eye dam, (), A4, Skin,
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	10 ppm, 50 mg/m3	
	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	10 ppm, 50 mg/m3	
2-Methylnaphthalene	OSHA Z-1-A	STEL	15 ppm, 75 mg/m3	
	ACGIH	TWA	0.5 ppm,	A4, Skin,
1-Methylnaphthalene	ACGIH	TWA	0.05 ppm, 3mg/100 cm2	A4, Skin,
	ACGIH	TWA	0.5 ppm,	A4, Skin,
Indene	ACGIH	TWA	0.05 ppm, 3mg/100 cm2	A4, Skin,
	ACGIH	TWA	5 ppm,	
Biphenyl	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	10 ppm, 45 mg/m3	
	ACGIH	TWA	0.2 ppm,	
Xylenes	OSHA Z-1	TWA	0.2 ppm, 1 mg/m3	
	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	100 ppm, 435 mg/m3	
	OSHA Z-1-A	STEL	150 ppm, 655 mg/m3	
	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	100 ppm, 435 mg/m3	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH	TWA	20 ppm,	OTO, A4,
	ACGIH	STEL	150 ppm,	A4,
	ACGIH	TWA	25 ppm,	
Dicyclopentadiene	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	25 ppm, 125 mg/m3	
	ACGIH	TWA	10 ppm,	A4,
	ACGIH	TWA	0.5 ppm,	
	OSHA Z-1-A	TWA	5 ppm, 30 mg/m3	
	ACGIH	STEL	1 ppm,	

() Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

eye dam Eye damage

eye irr Eye irritation

hematologic eff Hematologic effects

OTO Ototoxicant

Skin Danger of cutaneous absorption

URT irr Upper Respiratory Tract irritation

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLH)

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentration Value 250 parts per million	1995-03-01
Biphenyl	92-52-4	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentration Value 100 mg/m ³	1995-03-01
Xylenes	1330-20-7	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentration Value 900 parts per million	2017-09-01

Biological exposure indices**US**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Update

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Xylenes	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acids: 0.3 g/g creatinine 2024 Adoption (Urine) Commercial or technical grade xylenes consist of mixtures of isomers and significant amounts of ethyl benzene as indicated under 'Properties.' Because ethyl benzene is known to reduce the metabolism of xylenes to methylhippuric acids, the BEI applies to technical or commercial grades of xylenes only. () The determinants refer to the total of all isomers of methylhippuric acids. () Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC ()	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	2024-01-01
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Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : If ventilation or other engineering controls are not adequate to maintain minimal oxygen content of 19.5% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure, a supplied-air NIOSH approved respirator may be appropriate. If exposure to harmful levels of airborne material may occur, a NIOSH approved respirator that provides protection may be appropriate, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors. Full-Face Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors, Dusts and Mists. A positive pressure, air-supplying respirator may be appropriate if there is potential for uncontrolled release, aerosolization, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
- Hand protection : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
- Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water. Tightly fitting safety goggles.
- Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Wear as appropriate: Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Workers should wear antistatic footwear.
- Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Physical state : liquid
Color : Blue green

Safety data

Flash point : 54.4-93.3°C (129.9-199.9°F)

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No

Autoignition temperature : 340°C (644°F)

Molecular formula : UVCB

Molecular weight : Not applicable

pH : Not applicable

Freezing point : 7°C (45°F)

Pour point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 170°C (338°F)

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative density : ca. 0.93 - 0.99
at 15.6 °C (60.1 °F)

Water solubility : Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-
octanol/water : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Evaporation rate : < 0.1

Percent volatile : 5.4 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

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Chemical stability : This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Hazardous decomposition products : No data available

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 2,890 mg/kg
Species: Rat

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Species: Rat
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: > 30000 ppm
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Calculation method

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal: > 2,000 mg/kg
Species: Rabbit
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Skin irritation : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Eye irritation : May irritate eyes.

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Sensitization : No data available.

Light Pyrolysis Oil
Repeated dose toxicity : No data available

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Light Pyrolysis Oil Genotoxicity in vitro	: Remarks: No data available
Light Pyrolysis Oil Genotoxicity in vivo	: Remarks: No data available
Light Pyrolysis Oil Carcinogenicity	: Remarks: No data available
Light Pyrolysis Oil Reproductive toxicity	: This information is not available.
Light Pyrolysis Oil Developmental Toxicity	: This information is not available.
Light Pyrolysis Oil Aspiration toxicity	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
CMR effects	
Naphthalene	: Carcinogenicity: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies
Xylenes	Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Mutagenicity: Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments. Teratogenicity: Damage to fetus not classifiable
Light Pyrolysis Oil Further information	: Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicity effects
Toxicity to fish**

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11	: LC50: 0.84 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Naphthalene	LC50: 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
1-Methylnaphthalene	LC50: 9 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) static test
Xylenes	LC50: 8.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Salmo gairdneri (Rainbow trout)

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Dicyclopentadiene LC50: 3.7 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: *Oryzias latipes* (Orange-red killifish)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11 : EC50: 0.55 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

Naphthalene LC50: 2.16 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

Dicyclopentadiene EC50: 8.0 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

Toxicity to algae

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11 : NOEC: 0.07 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Species: *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)

Naphthalene EC50: 2.96 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Species: *Selenastrum capricornutum* (algae)

Dicyclopentadiene EC50: 27.0 mg/l
 Exposure time: 72 h
 Species: *Selenastrum capricornutum* (algae)

Biodegradability : Expected to be ultimately biodegradable

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Bioaccumulation

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11 : Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

Xylenes : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility : No data available

Additional ecological information : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity Data on Soil : No data available

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Other organisms relevant to the environment : No data available
 Impact on Sewage Treatment : No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the bill of lading.

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

UN1202, HOT GAS OIL, 3, III, MARINE POLLUTANT, (NAPHTHALENE)

IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS)

UN1202, HOT GAS OIL, 3, III, (54.4 - 93.3 °C c.c.), MARINE POLLUTANT, (NAPHTHALENE, BIPHENYL)

IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)

UN1202, 3: NOT PERMITTED FOR TRANSPORT

ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))

UN1202, HOT GAS OIL, 3, III, (D/E), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (NAPHTHALENE, BIPHENYL)

RID (REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS (EUROPE))

30, UN1202, HOT GAS OIL, 3, III, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (NAPHTHALENE, BIPHENYL)

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ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)

UN1202, HOT GAS OIL, 3, III, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS, (NAPHTHALENE, BIPHENYL)

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****National legislation**

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
 Carcinogenicity
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
 Aspiration hazard
 Skin corrosion or irritation
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation

CERCLA Reportable Quantity : 124 lbs
 Naphthalene

SARA 302 Reportable Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a SARA 302 RQ.

SARA 302 Threshold Planning Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.
SARA 304 Reportable Quantity : This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 313 Components : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:
 : Naphthalene - 91-20-3
 Biphenyl - 92-52-4
 Xylenes - 1330-20-7
 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene - 95-63-6
 Dicyclopentadiene - 77-73-6

Clean Air Act

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Ozone-Depletion Potential : This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 112 (40 CFR 61):

: Naphthalene - 91-20-3
 Biphenyl - 92-52-4
 Xylenes - 1330-20-7

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCOMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

: 2-Methylnaphthalene - 91-57-6
 1-Methylnaphthalene - 90-12-0
 Biphenyl - 92-52-4
 Xylenes - 1330-20-7
 1-ethylnaphthalene - 1127-76-0

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

: Aromatic hydrocarbons, C9-11 - 70693-06-0
 Naphthalene - 91-20-3
 Tricyclo[5.2.1.02,6]decane - 6004-38-2
 2-Methylnaphthalene - 91-57-6
 1-Methylnaphthalene - 90-12-0
 Naphthalene, dimethyl- - 28804-88-8
 Indene - 95-13-6
 Biphenyl - 92-52-4
 2,3-Dihydro-1H-Indene - 496-11-7
 Xylenes - 1330-20-7
 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene - 95-63-6
 Dicyclopentadiene - 77-73-6

California Prop. 65 Components

: WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [listed below], which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/food.

Naphthalene

91-20-3

Notification status

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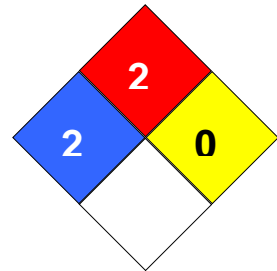
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Europe EU REACH	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
Switzerland CH INV	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
United States of America (USA) TSCA	:	On or in compliance with the active portion of the TSCA inventory
Canada DSL	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
Other AICS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Korea KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
Japan ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan TW TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
China IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 2
Reactivity Hazard: 0



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Further information

Legacy SDS Number : PE0054

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of

Light Pyrolysis Oil

Version 1.12

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			Chemicals
EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	PICCS	Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concentration Values	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	TWA	Time Weighted Average
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%	ATE	Acute toxicity estimate