Diethyl Sulfide

Version 1.2 Revision Date 2019-08-07

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product information

Product Name	:	Diethyl Sulfide
Material	:	1017947, 1024545, 1024826
Use	:	Sulfiding Chemical
Company	:	Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP Specialty Chemicals 10001 Six Pines Drive The Woodlands, TX 77380
Local	:	Chevron Phillips Chemicals (Shanghai) Corporation Room 1810-1812, Shanghai Mart, 2299 Yan An Road (W), Shanghai, PRC 200336

Emergency telephone:

Health:
866.442.9628 (North America)
1.832.813.4984 (International)
Transport:
CHEMTREC 800.424.9300 or 703.527.3887(int'l)
Asia: CHEMWATCH (+612 9186 1132) China: 0532 8388 9090
EUROPE: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax)
Mexico CHEMTREC 01-800-681-9531 (24 hours)
South America SOS-Cotec Inside Brazil: 0800.111.767 Outside Brazil: +55.19.3467.1600
Argentina: +(54)-1159839431

Responsible Department	:	Product Safety and Toxicology Group
E-mail address	:	SDS@CPChem.com
Website	:	www.CPChem.com

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS Classification and Labeling: Follow GB 13690, GB 15258 and GB 30000.2 to GB 30000.29 (GHS 2011)

Emergency Overview

Danger

Form: Liquid **Physical state**: Liquid **Color**: Clear **Odor**: Pungent, garlic-like

Hazards : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification

: Flammable liquids, Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Aspiration hazard, Category 2
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3

Labeling

Symbol(s) :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H305: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.
P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
Storage:
P403 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Synonyms : Diethyl sulfide
1,1'-Thiobisethane
DES
3-thiapentane
Diethyl thioether
Ethylthioethane

Molecular formula : C4H10S

Chemical name	CAS-No. / EINECS-No.	Concentration [wt%]
Diethyl Sulfide	352-93-2	97 - 100

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Material may produce a serious, potentially fatal pneumonia if swallowed or vomited.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flash point : -10 - -4 °C (14 - 25 °F) at 100.4 kPa

Autoignition temperature : 189 - 199 °C (372 - 390 °F)
at 101.45 - 102.39 kPa

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet.

Specific hazards during fire fighting : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.
Fire and explosion protection	:	Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
Use	:	Sulfiding Chemical

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Not applicable

Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to control airborned concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	Wear a supplied-air NIOSH approved respirator unless ventilation or other engineering controls are adequate to maintain minimal oxygen content of 19.5% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides protection when working with this material if exposure to harmful levels of airborne material may occur, such as:. Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hand protection	:	The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
Eye protection	:	Eye wash bottle with pure water. Tightly fitting safety goggles.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Wear as appropriate:. Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Workers should wear antistatic footwear.
Hygiene measures	:	When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form	:	Liquid
Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Clear
Odor	:	Pungent, garlic-like

Safety data

Flash point	:	-10 - -4 °C (14 - 25 °F) at 100.4 kPa
Lower explosion limit	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No
Autoignition temperature	:	189 - 199 °C (372 - 390 °F) at 101.45 - 102.39 kPa
Thermal decomposition	:	No data available
Molecular formula	:	C4H10S
Molecular weight	:	90.2 g/mol
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	No data available
Melting point/range		-103.9 °C (-155.0 °F) at 103.25 hPa
Boiling point/boiling range	:	92.1 °C (197.8 °F)
Vapor pressure	:	10.00 kPa at 30.3 °C (86.5 °F)
Density	:	0.84 g/cm3 at 20 °C (68 °F)
Water solubility	:	3.07 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.95
Solubility in other solvents	:	Negligible
Viscosity, dynamic	:	0.422 mPa.s at 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative vapor density	:	3.1 (Air = 1.0)
Evaporation rate	:	No data available

Percent volatile : > 99 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Chemical stability : This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Further information: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Thermal decomposition : No data available

Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon oxides
Sulfur oxides

Other data : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute oral toxicity

Diethyl Sulfide : LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg
Species: Rat
Sex: male and female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Diethyl Sulfide : LC50: 102 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Species: Rat
Sex: male and female
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Acute dermal toxicity

Diethyl Sulfide : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Sex: male and female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Skin irritation

Diethyl Sulfide : Mild skin irritation
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Eye irritation

Diethyl Sulfide : Eye irritation
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Sensitization

Diethyl Sulfide : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
Substance is not considered to be potential skin sensitiser.

Repeated dose toxicity

Diethyl Sulfide : Species: Rat, male and female
Sex: male and female
Application Route: oral gavage
Dose: 0, 2.5, 25, 250 mg/kg/bw/d
Exposure time: 14 wk
Number of exposures: 7 d/wk
Method: OCED Guideline 408
No adverse effects expected
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vitro

Diethyl Sulfide : Test Type: Ames test
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Test Type: Ames test
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vivo

Diethyl Sulfide : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Route of Application: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Developmental Toxicity

Diethyl Sulfide : Species: Rat
Application Route: oral gavage
Dose: 100, 500, 1000 mg/kg/d
Exposure time: GD 6 -19
Number of exposures: Daily
Test period: 20 d
Method: OECD Guideline 414
NOAEL Teratogenicity: 1,000 mg/kg
NOAEL Maternal: 1,000 mg/kg
No adverse effects expected
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Diethyl Sulfide
Aspiration toxicity : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

CMR effects

Diethyl Sulfide : Carcinogenicity: Not available
Mutagenicity: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects
Teratogenicity: Animal testing did not show any effects on fetal development.

Reproductive toxicity: Not available

Diethyl Sulfide
Further information : Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity to fish

Diethyl Sulfide : LC50: > 49.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Species: Danio rerio (Zebra Fish)
semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Diethyl Sulfide : EC50: 16 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
static test Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to algae

Diethyl Sulfide : EC50: > 59.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

M-Factor
diethyl sulphide : M-Factor (Acute Aquat. Tox.) 1

M-Factor (Chron. Aquat. Tox.) 1

Toxicity to bacteria

Diethyl Sulfide : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Biodegradability

Diethyl Sulfide : aerobic
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
41 %
Testing period: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Bioaccumulation

Diethyl Sulfide : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility

Diethyl Sulfide : No data available

Results of PBT assessment
Diethyl Sulfide : Non-classified PBT substance, Non-classified vPvB substance

Additional ecological information : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Diethyl Sulfide : Harmful to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Diethyl Sulfide : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the

bill of lading.

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)
UN2375, DIETHYL SULFIDE, 3, II

IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS)
UN2375, DIETHYL SULPHIDE, 3, II, (-10 - -4 °C)

IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)
UN2375, DIETHYL SULPHIDE, 3, II

ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))
UN2375, DIETHYL SULPHIDE, 3, II, (D/E)

RID (REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS (EUROPE))
UN2375, DIETHYL SULPHIDE, 3, II

ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)
UN2375, DIETHYL SULPHIDE, 3, II

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Classification and Labeling of Commonly Used Dangerous Chemical Substances : Primary label: Combustible Liquid.

Notification status

Europe REACH	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory Notification number: 01-2119971585-25-000
United States of America (USA) TSCA	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Australia AICS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand NZIoC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
Korea KECI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
China IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

Legacy SDS Number : 46750

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet			
ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	PICCS	Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concentration Values	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	TWA	Time Weighted Average
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%		