SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product information

Product Name: Marlex HMN 6060 Polyethylene
Material: 1120260, 1120259, 1120258, 1120257, 1120256, 1120248, 1120247, 1120246, 1120245, 1120244

EC-No. Registration number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Legal Entity</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene</td>
<td>74-85-1</td>
<td>Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP</td>
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<tr>
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<td>200-815-3</td>
<td>01-2119462827-27-0004</td>
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<td></td>
<td>601-010-00-3</td>
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<td>1-Hexene</td>
<td>592-41-6</td>
<td>Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>209-753-1</td>
<td>01-2119475505-34-0005</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Company: Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP
10001 Six Pines Drive
The Woodlands, TX 77380

Local: Chevron Phillips Chemicals International N.V.
Airport Plaza (Stockholm Building)
Leonardo Da Vinci the 19
1831 Diegem
Belgium

SDS Requests: (800) 852-5530
Technical Information: (832) 813-4862
Responsible Party: Product Safety Group
Email: sds@cpchem.com

Emergency telephone:

Health:
866.442.9628 (North America)
1.832.813.4984 (International)

Transport:
CHEMTREC 800.424.9300 or 703.527.3887 (International)
Asia: CHEMWATCH (+612 9186 1132) China: 0532 8388 9090
**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

**REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

**Label elements**

**Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

**SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

**Mixtures**

**Hazardous ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No. Index No.</th>
<th>Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)</th>
<th>Concentration [wt%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene Hexene Copolymer</td>
<td>25213-02-9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>99 - 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contains no hazardous ingredients according to GHS.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

If inhaled : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of dust or
fumes from overheating or combustion. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact: If the molten material gets on skin, quickly cool in water. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not try to peel the solidified material from the skin or use solvents or thinners to dissolve it.

In case of eye contact: In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flash point: No data available

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Water mist. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Foam. If possible, water should be applied as a spray from a fogging nozzle since this is a surface burning material. The application of high velocity water will spread the burning surface layer. Avoid the use of straight streams that may create a dust cloud and the risk of a dust explosion. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Risks of ignition followed by flame propagation or secondary explosions can be caused by the accumulation of dust, e.g. on floors and ledges.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Use personal protective equipment. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited.

Fire and explosion protection: Treat as a solid that can burn. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce carbon monoxide, other hydrocarbons and hydrocarbon oxidation products (ketones, aldehydes, organic acids) depending on temperature and air availability. Incomplete combustion can also produce formaldehyde.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid dust formation.

Environmental precautions: Do not contaminate surface water. Prevent product from entering drains.
Methods for cleaning up: Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum.

Additional advice: Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on safe handling: Use good housekeeping for safe handling of the product. Keep out of water sources and sewers. Spilled pellets and powders may create a slipping hazard. Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary, but may not by themselves be sufficient. At elevated temperatures (>350°F, >177°C), polyethylene can release vapors and gases, which are irritating to the mucous membranes of the eyes, mouth, throat, and lungs. These substances may include acetaldehyde, acetone, acetic acid, formic acid, formaldehyde and acrolein. Based on animal data and limited epidemiological evidence, formaldehyde has been listed as a carcinogen. Following all recommendations within this SDS should minimize exposure to thermal processing emissions.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Treat as a solid that can burn. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in a dry place. Keep in a well-ventilated place.

Advice on common storage: Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection : No respiratory protection is normally required. If heated material generates vapor or fumes that are not adequately controlled by ventilation, wear an appropriate respirator. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: Organic Vapor and Formaldehyde. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. Dust safety masks are recommended when the dust concentration is excessive.

Eye protection : Use of safety glasses with side shields for solid handling is good industrial practice. If this material is heated, wear chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shields or a face shield. If there is potential for dust, use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection : At ambient temperatures use of clean and protective clothing is good industrial practice. If the material is heated or molten, wear thermally insulated, heat-resistant gloves that are able to withstand the temperature of the molten product. If this material is heated, wear insulated clothing to prevent skin contact if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Pellets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Opaque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Mild to no odor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Safety data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal decomposition</td>
<td>Low molecular weight hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, acids and ketones can be formed during thermal processing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>90 - 140 °C (194 - 284 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Marlex HMN 6060 Polyethylene

Version 1.1  Revision Date 2017-08-15

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

- Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not applicable
- Vapor pressure: Not applicable
- Relative density: Not applicable
- Density: 0.91 - 0.97 g/cm³
- Water solubility: Negligible
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
- Solubility in other solvents: No data available
- Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable
- Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable
- Relative vapor density: Not applicable
- Evaporation rate: Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

- Reactivity: This material is considered non-reactive under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
- Chemical stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

- Conditions to avoid: Avoid prolonged storage at elevated temperature.
- Materials to avoid: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
- Thermal decomposition: Low molecular weight hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, acids and ketones can be formed during thermal processing.
- Hazardous decomposition products: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce carbon monoxide, other hydrocarbons and hydrocarbon oxidation products (ketones, aldehydes, organic acids) depending on temperature and air availability. Incomplete combustion can also produce formaldehyde.
- Other data: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

SDS Number: 100000103225
Marlex HMN 6060 Polyethylene

Acute oral toxicity : Presumed Not Toxic

Acute inhalation toxicity : Presumed Not Toxic

Acute dermal toxicity : Presumed Not Toxic

Skin irritation : No skin irritation

Eye irritation : No eye irritation

Sensitization : Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Further information: This product contains POLYMERIZED OLEFINS. During thermal processing (>350°F, >177°C) polyolefins can release vapors and gases (aldehydes, ketones and organic acids) which are irritating to the mucous membranes of the eyes, mouth, throat, and lungs. Generally these irritant effects are all transitory. However, prolonged exposure to irritating off-gases can lead to pulmonary edema. Formaldehyde (an aldehyde) has been classified as a carcinogen based on animal data and limited epidemiological evidence.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity effects

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Bioaccumulation : Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility : The product is insoluble and floats on water.

Biodegradability : This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Additional ecological information : This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms, Fish or birds may eat pellets which may obstruct their digestive tracts.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped. Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the bill of lading.

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS)
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

RID (REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS (EUROPE))
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National legislation

Major Accident Hazard Legislation: 96/82/EC Update: 2003
Directive 96/82/EC does not apply

Water contaminating class (Germany): nwg not water endangering

Notification status
Europe REACH: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
United States of America (USA) TSCA: On TSCA Inventory
Canada DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
Australia AICS: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand NZIoC: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ENCS: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Korea KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
China IECSC: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Classification: Health Hazard: 0
Fire Hazard: 1
Reactivity Hazard: 0

Further information

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Lethal Dose 50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>Lowest Observed Adverse Effect</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SDS Number: 100000103225
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Level</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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