SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product information
Product Name: Scentinel® T Gas Odorant
Material: 1121590, 1119675, 1111642, 1108705, 1105021, 1091012, 1093286, 1098227, 1099968, 1093716, 1070716, 1086438, 1097237, 1076222, 1070717, 1084326, 1096486, 1084326, 1070717, 1084326, 1096486, 1086439, 1024792, 1024724, 1024797, 1024795, 1028520, 1024791, 1024723, 1024794, 1024796, 1024793

Company: Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP
Specialty Chemicals
10001 Six Pines Drive
The Woodlands, TX 77380

Local: See Company Address

Emergency telephone:

Health: 866.442.9628 (North America)
1.832.813.4984 (International)

Transport: CHEMTREC 800.424.9300 or 703.527.3887 (int'l)
Asia: CHEMWATCH (+612 9186 1132) China: 0532 8388 9090
EUROPE: BIG +32.14.584545 (phone) or +32.14.583516 (telefax)
Mexico CHEMTREC 01-800-681-9531 (24 hours)
South America SOS-Cotec Inside Brazil: 0800.111.767 Outside Brazil: +55.19.3467.1600
Argentina: +(54)-1159839431

Responsible Department: Product Safety and Toxicology Group
E-mail address: SDS@CPChem.com
Website: www.CPChem.com

ODOR-FADE WARNING

A GAS LEAK CAN CAUSE A FIRE OR EXPLOSION RESULTING IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

Be aware that the stenching chemical added to gas to make it detectable may not warn of a gas leak or the presence of propane or natural gas to all persons in every instance.

Instances where the odorant in an odorized gas may be undetectable include:
Odor intensity may fade or be eliminated for a variety of chemical and physical causes, including the oxidation of rusting pipes, adsorption into or sticking onto the interior of pipes or appliances, or absorption into liquids.

Contact with soil in underground leaks may de-odorize or remove odorant from the gas.

Some people have a diminished ability, or inability to smell the stench. Factors that negatively affect a person’s sense of smell include age, gender, medical conditions, and alcohol/tobacco usage.

The stench of odorized gas may not awaken sleeping persons.

Other odors may mask or hide the stench.

Exposure to the odor for even a short period of time, may cause nasal fatigue, where a person can no longer smell the stench.

Gas detectors listed by the Underwriters Laboratories (UL) can be used as an extra measure of safety for detecting gas leaks, especially under conditions where the odorant alone may not provide an adequate warning. Gas detectors emit a loud, shrill sound when gas is present and do not depend on sense of smell. Because the odor intensity can fade or people may have problems with their sense of smell, we recommend installing, per manufacturer’s instructions, one or more combustible gas detectors, in suitable locations to ensure adequate coverage to detect gas leaks.

Educate yourself, your employees, and your customers with the content of this warning and other important facts associated with the so-called "odor-fade phenomenon."

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS Classification and labelling according to JIS Z7252-2014 and JIS Z7253-2012 (GHS 2011)

Classification

: Flammable liquids, Category 2
  Acute toxicity, Category 4, Oral
  Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation
  Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
  Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
  Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3
  Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3

Labeling

Symbol(s) :  

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
  H302 + H332: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
  H315: Causes skin irritation.
  H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
  H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
  P210: Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
  P233: Keep container tightly closed.
  P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
  P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>Tetrahydrothiophene</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thiophane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>THT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Molecular formula | C4H8S               |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>ENCS/ISHL number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>110-01-0</td>
<td>99 % - 100%</td>
<td>5-75 8-(6)-60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice: Move out of dangerous area. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Material may produce a serious, potentially fatal pneumonia if swallowed or vomited.

If inhaled: Consult a physician after significant exposure. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
## In case of skin contact
- If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

## In case of eye contact
- Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

## If swallowed
- Keep respiratory tract clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>13°C (55°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>Tagliabue Open Cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>215°C (419°F) at 1,013.00 hPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>EU Method A.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>High volume water jet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific hazards during firefighting</td>
<td>Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</td>
<td>Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire and explosion protection</td>
<td>Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal precautions</td>
<td>Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Environmental precautions: Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods for cleaning up: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Additional advice: No conditions to be specially mentioned.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on safe handling: Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Do not spray on an open flame or any other incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to control airborned concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Wear a supplied-air NIOSH approved respirator unless
ventilation or other engineering controls are adequate to maintain minimal oxygen content of 19.5% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides protection when working with this material if exposure to harmful levels of airborne material may occur, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

### Hand protection
- The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

### Eye protection
- Eye wash bottle with pure water.
- Tightly fitting safety goggles.

### Skin and body protection
- Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Wear as appropriate:
  - Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
  - Workers should wear antistatic footwear.

### Hygiene measures
- When using do not eat or drink.
- When using do not smoke.
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance
- **Form**: Liquid
- **Physical state**: Liquid
- **Color**: Colorless
- **Odor**: Pungent

#### Safety data
- **Flash point**: 13°C (55°F)  
  Method: Tagliabue Open Cup
- **Lower explosion limit**: 1.1 %(V)
- **Upper explosion limit**: 12.3 %(V)
- **Oxidizing properties**: No
- **Autoignition temperature**: 215°C (419°F)  
  at 1,013.00 hPa  
  Method: EU Method A.15
- **Molecular formula**: C4H8S
- **Molecular weight**: 88.1 g/mol
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Scentinel® T Gas Odorant**

Version 2.9  
Revision Date 2020-03-09

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pour point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/boiling range</td>
<td>119°C (246°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>5.51 kPa at 38°C (100°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>5.8 g/l at 20°C (68°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Pow: 1.8 at 20°C (68°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>1.6 mPa.s at 20°C (68°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent volatile</td>
<td>&gt; 99 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity**  
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Chemical stability**  
This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

**Hazardous reactions**  
Hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Further information: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

**Conditions to avoid**

**Hazardous decomposition products**  
Heat, flames and sparks.

Carbon oxides
Sulfur oxides
## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute oral toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LD50</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>1,850 mg/kg</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>male and female</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 401</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Acute inhalation toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LC50</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Test atmosphere</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>22.6 mg/l</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>male and female</td>
<td>vapor</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 403</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Acute dermal toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>LD50</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Sex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>male and female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Scentinel® T Gas Odorant

#### Skin irritation

May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

#### Eye irritation

May cause irreversible eye damage.

#### Sensitization

Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

### Repeated dose toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Number of exposures</th>
<th>NOEL</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>Rat, Male and female</td>
<td>Male and female</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>0, 51, 236, 1442 ppm</td>
<td>13 wk</td>
<td>6 h/d, 5 d/wk</td>
<td>51 ppm</td>
<td>OECD Guideline 413</td>
<td>Upper respiratory tract</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Genotoxicity in vitro

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrahydrothiophene</td>
<td>Ames test</td>
<td>Mutagenicity (Escherichia coli - reverse mutation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Developmental Toxicity

**Tetrahydrothiophene**
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Inhalation
- **Dose:** 234, 782, 1910 ppm
- **Method:** OECD Guideline 414
- **NOAEL Teratogenicity:** 1910 ppm
- **NOAEL Maternal:** 234 ppm
- **No adverse effects expected**

Scentinel® T Gas Odorant

**Aspiration toxicity**
- **May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.**

CMR effects

**Tetrahydrothiophene**
- **Mutagenicity:** Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.
- **Teratogenicity:** Animal testing did not show any effects on fetal development.
- **Reproductive toxicity:** Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Scentinel® T Gas Odorant

**Further information**
- **Solvents may degrease the skin.**

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity to fish

**Tetrahydrothiophene**
- **LC50:** > 24 mg/l
- **Exposure time:** 96 h
- **Species:** Danio rerio (Zebra Fish)
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

**Tetrahydrothiophene**
- **EC50:** 24 mg/l
- **Exposure time:** 48 h
- **Species:** Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae**

Tetrahydrothiophene : EC50: > 153.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

Tetrahydrothiophene : EC50: 1,530 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Biodegradability**

Tetrahydrothiophene : < 10 %
According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation**

Tetrahydrothiophene : Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

**Mobility**

Tetrahydrothiophene : The product will be dispersed amongst the various environmental compartments (soil/ water/ air).

**Results of PBT assessment**

Tetrahydrothiophene : Non-classified PBT substance, Non-classified vPvB substance

**Additional ecological information**

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Tetrahydrothiophene : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.
Product: The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the bill of lading.

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II

IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS)
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II, (13°C)

IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II

ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II, (D/E)

RID (REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS (EUROPE))
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II

ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)
UN2412, TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE, 3, II

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National legislation
Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

: Not applicable

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Substances Subject to be Notified Names

: Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

: Inflammable Substance

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

: Inflammable Substance

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

: Not applicable

Hazardous Substances Subject to Labeling Requirements

: Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning

: Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

: Not applicable

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture

: Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

: Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

: Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health

: Not applicable

Chemical Substance Control Law

: Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

: Not applicable

Other regulations

Fire Service Law

: Flammable liquids
Type 1 petroleum
Hazardous rank II
High Pressure Gas Safety Act : Not applicable
Explosive Control Law : Not applicable
Vessel Safety Law : Flammable liquids (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)
Aviation Law : Flammable liquid (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Notification status
Europe REACH : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Switzerland CH INV : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
United States of America (USA) : On or in compliance with the active portion of the TSCA TSCA inventory
Canada DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
Australia AICS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand NZIoC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Korea KECI : All substances in this product were registered, notified to be registered, or exempted from registration by CPChem through an Only Representative according to K-REACH regulations. Importation of this product is permitted if the Korean Importer of Record was included on CPChem’s notifications or if the Importer of Record themselves notified the substances.
Philippines PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
China IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information
Legacy SDS Number : 387250

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full Name</th>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>Canada, Domestic Substances List</td>
<td>NFPA</td>
<td>National Fire Protection Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDSL</td>
<td>Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List</td>
<td>NIOSH</td>
<td>National Institute for Occupational Safety &amp; Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNS</td>
<td>Central Nervous System</td>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>National Toxicology Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS</td>
<td>Chemical Abstract Service</td>
<td>NZIoC</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Effective Concentration</td>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>No Observable Adverse Effect Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Effective Concentration 50%</td>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>No Observed Effect Concentration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGEST</td>
<td>EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Occupational Safety &amp; Health Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOSCA</td>
<td>European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>Permissible Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EINECS</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances</td>
<td>PICCS</td>
<td>Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAK</td>
<td>Germany Maximum Concentration Values</td>
<td>PRNT</td>
<td>Presumed Not Toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GHS</td>
<td>Globally Harmonized System</td>
<td>RCRA</td>
<td>Resource Conservation Recovery Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IC50</td>
<td>Inhibition Concentration 50%</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Short-term Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>International Agency for Research on Cancer</td>
<td>TLV</td>
<td>Threshold Limit Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Time Weighted Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENCS</td>
<td>Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances</td>
<td>TSCA</td>
<td>Toxic Substance Control Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KECI</td>
<td>Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory</td>
<td>UVCB</td>
<td>Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Lethal Concentration 50%</td>
<td>WHMIS</td>
<td>Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System</td>
</tr>
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