Product Stewardship Summary
Specialty Organosulfur Products

This product stewardship summary is intended to give general information about the chemical or categories of chemicals addressed. It is not intended to provide an in-depth discussion of all health and safety information. Additional information is available through the applicable Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which should be consulted before use of any chemical. This product stewardship summary does not supplant or replace required regulatory and/or legal communication documents.

Chemical Identity
The products in the Specialty Organosulfur group are organic compounds with varied sulfur-containing functional groups. They are mostly colorless liquids, except for sulfolene, which is a crystalline solid. These products tend to have a strong, objectionable, and pungent odor and are typically transported in well-sealed drums and isocontainers. The one exception is Sulfolene, which is a solid and is packaged in plastic lined paper sacks. The thirteen (13) products included in the Specialty Organosulfur group are listed below.

- BME (2-mercaptoethanol)
- DiHEDS (di-(2-ethylhexyl)disulfide)
- Dimethyl-3,3’-thiodipropionate (DMTDP)
- Ethylthioethanol (ETE)
- 2-Hydroxyethyl-n-Octyl Sulfide (R-874)
- MMP (methyl 3-mercaptopropionate)
- Sulfolane Electronic Grade
- Sulfolane LC-C
- Sulfolane-A
- Sulfolane-A Anhydrous
- Sulfolane-A Low Color
- Sulfolane-W
- Sulfolene

Category Justification
The Specialty Organosulfur products are sulfur-containing organic compounds. In general, they exhibit some similar physical and chemical characteristics. These products generally tend to have low to moderate volatility, flammability, and combustible characteristics, and are typically not reactive products. They are generally incompatible with oxygen and strong oxidizing agents such as chlorates, nitrates, and peroxides. Products within this group exhibit some similar health and environmental hazards; however, the severity of toxic effects tends to be widely varied.
**Product Uses**
The Specialty Organosulfur products are primarily used as solvents or chemical intermediates in wide ranging markets; such as use as a chemical intermediate, pharmaceuticals, agriculture, and lubricants. Products in this group are commercially available to industrial customers only, which typically include chemical manufacturing, cleaning, extraction facilities, and agricultural/pharmaceutical product manufacturers.

**Physical/Chemical Properties**
Specialty Organosulfur products are not self-igniting, however, to varying degrees, the Specialty Organosulfur products have the potential to cause fires if they are exposed to an ignitable source. The formation of hazardous combustible or decomposition byproducts such as hydrogen sulfide, and sulfur and carbon oxides is possible for these products. Bonding and grounding are recommended to prevent electrostatic hazards. Containers can explode under pressurized conditions. However, it should be noted that these products are typically stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**Health Information**
The Specialty Organosulfur products can be expected to have low to severe acute toxicity in humans. Acute effects on the eye may include mild to severe irritation, corrosive and permanent (irreversible) damage (such as blindness). Dermal contact with some of these products may cause irritation, defatting of the skin, and skin sensitization. Prolonged exposure to high vapor concentrations of some of these products may cause respiratory irritation, central nervous system (CNS) effects, coma, and death. R-874, if ingested, may be aspired into the lungs, which can result in severe pulmonary injury or can be fatal. The heart and liver are target organs in rats following repeated oral exposure to BME. Sulfolane is a developmental toxicant; for the other specialty organosulfur products, animal studies showed low to no potential for reproductive or developmental toxicity. Data are limited to characterize their potential to cause cancer in humans; however, genetic toxicity data were overall negative for the products tested.

**Environmental Information**
The environmental hazard potential for the products in the Specialty Organosulfur group is expected to be diverse (i.e., range from low to high toxicity). Some of these products are highly toxic to aquatic organisms; hence, care should be taken to avoid releases of these products to sewage, drainage systems, and water bodies. Overall, the available data suggest the bioaccumulation potential of these products is expected to be low. In general, these products are not expected to readily biodegrade.

**Exposure Potential**
The most likely routes of exposure to the Specialty Organosulfur products are skin and eye contact, and inhalation exposures. The best way to prevent exposure is to work in well-ventilated areas, wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), and follow good personal hygiene practices.

**Workplace Use:**
Potentially exposed populations include: (1) quality assurance workers who sample and analyze the products to ensure that they meet specifications; (2) workers involved in distribution and storage of these products; and (3) commercial consumers in occupational settings that use these products in intended applications. The most likely
routes of exposure to these products in an occupational setting are eye and dermal contact, and potentially inhalation exposure. However, the likelihood of exposure to workers is expected to be low because these products are packaged in enclosed, controlled environments (i.e. drumming), transported in well-sealed containers, and because workers in the manufacturing and/or quality lab settings are properly trained to handle such products and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Further, these products are sold to industrial customers that are familiar with their intended applications, safe-handling, storage, and disposal requirements. Packaging and loading, quality assurance, and transportation workers should always adhere to safe-handling practices, wear appropriate PPE and practice applicable exposure prevention measures (i.e. engineering controls). Customers should use appropriate PPE during handling and have risk mitigation measures in place to address potential physical hazards or accidental releases.

**Consumer Use:**
Potential exposure or impact to the general public is not anticipated for these products, as they are sold by Chevron Phillips Chemical Company to sophisticated industry users and not to the general population.

**Potential Environmental Release:**
There may be some potential for significant exposure to the environment from accidental releases during transportation of drums, truck trailers, rail cars, or container ships; however, the frequency of distribution incidents involving accidental release of these products has been low, and reported volumes spilled have been minimal. Chevron Phillips Chemical Company is committed to operating in an environmentally responsible manner and participates in the American Chemistry Council’s Responsible Care® program.

**Risk Management**
Chevron Phillips Chemical Company is committed to Product Stewardship and doing business responsibly. We endeavor to provide sufficient information for the safe use and handling of all our products. We make product information available to all of our customers, distributors, carriers, and users of these products which contain detail about the properties of each product. To that end, a Safety Data Sheet and a certificate of analysis accompany each shipment from our manufacturing plant.

Before using these products, the user is advised and cautioned to make its own determination and assessment of the safety and suitability of the product for the specific use in question. It is the ultimate responsibility of the user to ensure suitability for use and determine if this information is applicable to the user’s specific application. Chevron Phillips Chemical Company does not make, and expressly disclaims, all warranties, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, regardless of whether oral or written, express or implied, or allegedly arising from any usage of any trade or from any course of dealing in connection with the use of the information contained herein or any product itself. The user expressly assumes all risk and liability, whether based in contract, tort or otherwise, in connection with the use of the information contained herein or any product itself.
Regulatory Information
Regulations exist that govern the manufacture, sale, transportation, use and disposal of Specialty Organosulfur products. These regulations may vary by city, state, country or geographic region. Additional relevant information may be found by consulting the applicable SDS.

Sources of Additional Information
Safety Data Sheets (SDS) at http://www.cpchem.com:

European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Dissemination portal with information on chemical substances registered under REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

U.S. EPA High Production Volume Information System (HPVIS)
https://iaspub.epa.gov/oppthpv/public_search.html_page [Sulfolene]

Conclusion
Specialty Organosulfur products are classified as hazardous chemicals. Efforts should be taken to minimize exposure to these products by adhering to safe-handling procedures, designated applications and uses, appropriate personal-protective equipment practices, and appropriate labeling, storage, and transportation procedures and requirements. The relevant SDS and applicable regulatory guidelines and requirements, including but not limited to Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) guidelines, should be consulted prior to the use or handling of these products.

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